



Fertilization and cleavage

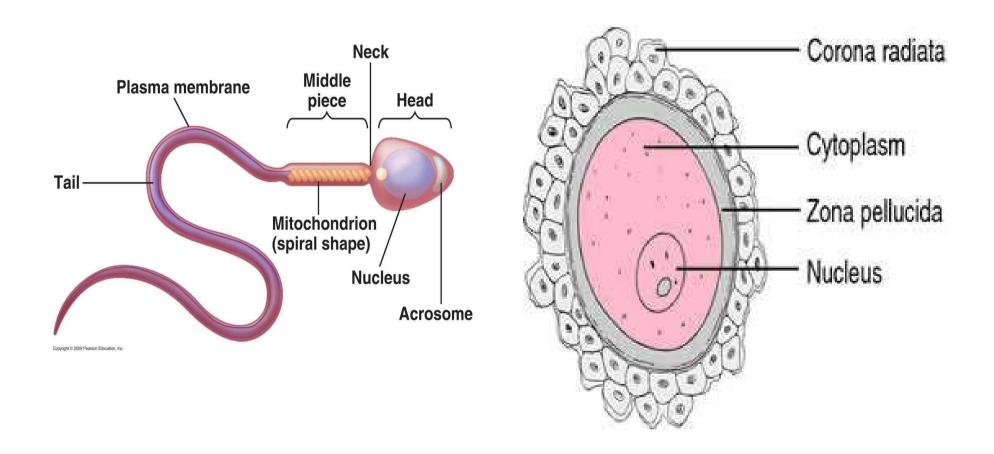
Anatomy Department Beni-Suef University

Intended learning objectives (ILOs)

By the end of this lecture the student will be able to:

- 1.Identify the morphology of mature sperm and ovum.
- 2.Identify the term fertilization and discuss its results.
- 3. Describe the formation of the blastocyst.

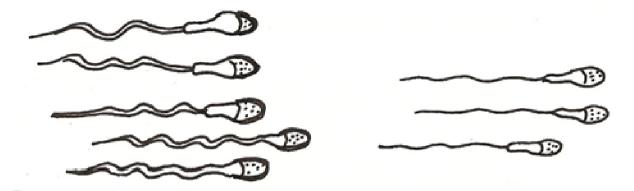
Male and female gametes



Fertilization

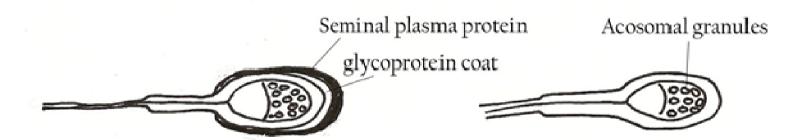
It is the union of the sperm and the ovum to form the zygote.

- 1.Site
- 2.Mechanism
- -Capacitation of the sperms.
- -phase I (Penetration of the corona radiata).
- -phase II (penetration of zona pellucida).
- -phase III (penetration of cell membrane of the oocyte).

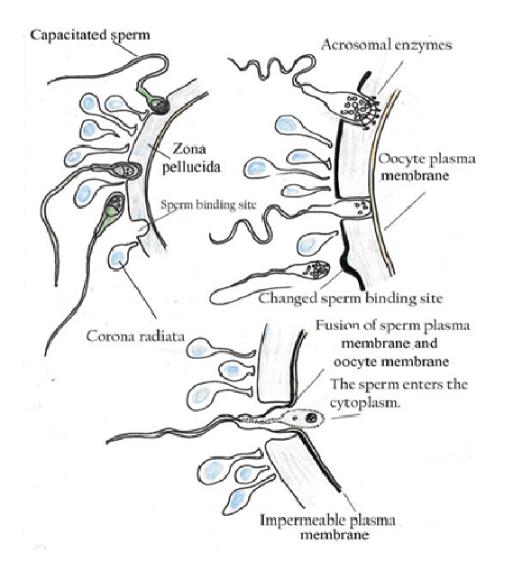


200 - 300 million/ejaculation

300 - 500 sperm reach the fertilization site



Capacitation



- Events that occur after entrance of the sperm to the cytoplasm of the oocyte:
- a. Cortical and zonal reaction.
- b. The secondary oocyte complete the 2nd meiotic division.
- c. Male nucleus becomes larger.
- d. Nuclear membrane of both male and female pronuclei fuse together to form the nucleus of zygot.

Results of fertilization:

- a. Formation of the zygote.
- b.Restoration of the diploid number of chromosomes (46).
- c.Determination of the sex of the new individual.
- d.Start cleavage.

Artificial fertilization:

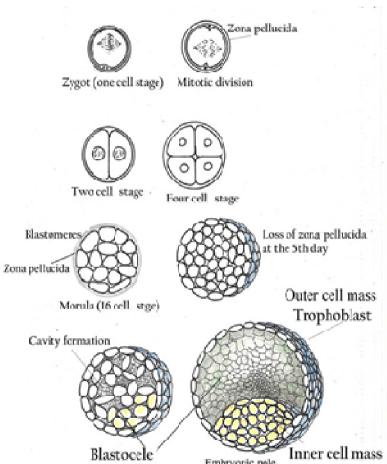
- 1.In vitro fertilization (IVF)
- 2.Intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI)
- 3. Gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT)

Cleavage (by mitosis) the zygote gives:

- a.Two cell stage after 24 hr.
- b. Four cell stage after 48 hr.
- c.16 cell stage (morula) after 3 days.
- d. The morula reaches the uterine cavity.

Formation of the blastocyst

- a. The zona pellucida disappears at the end of the 5th day after fertilization.
- b. Fluid pass through the degenerating zona to form a cavity (blastocele)
- c. Blastocyst is composed of: outer cell mass (trophoblast), inner cell mass (embryoblast), blastocele, embryonic pole and abembryonic pole



Embryonic pole

Embryoblast

Blastocele

Quiz

- 1. A membrane-bound structure, at tip of head of a sperm, helping in digesting outer surface of the ovum is called:
- a.Sperm
- b.Acrosome
- c.Head of sperm
- d.Base of ova

- 2. Fertilization occurs in
- a.The cervix
- b.The uterus
- c.The fallopian tube
- d.On the surface of ovary

- 3. Cleavage starts after fertilization in
- a. Fallopian tube
- b. Uterus
- c. Cervix
- d. vagina

- 4. Which of the following is correct about the zona pellucida
- a. Surrounds the oocyte in the ovary.
- b.Protect the oocyte in the uterine tube.
- c.ls important for fertilization.
- d.All of the above.

- 5. The blastocyst is composed of
- a.Zona pellucida
- b.Blastocele
- c.Trophoblast
- d.embryoblast

Thank you